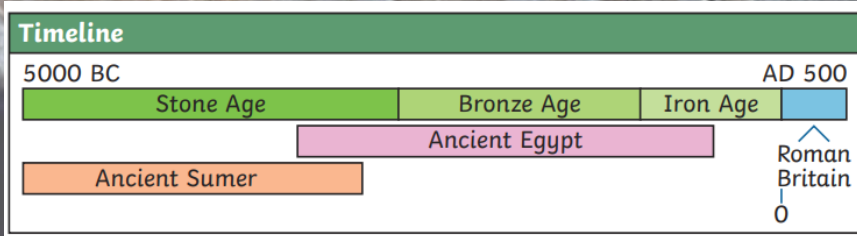


Stone Age to Iron Age

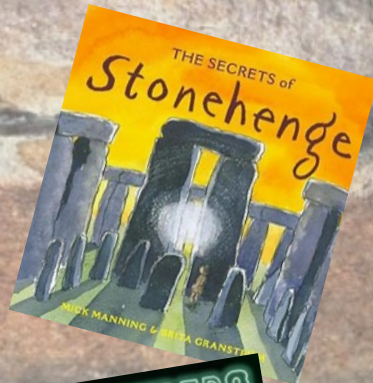
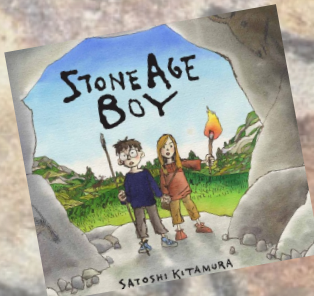
Knowledge Organiser

Elm Class (Year 3)



What should I already be able to do?

- Talk with increasing accuracy and detail about events, places and people beyond living memory.
- Use an increasing range of historical terms to describe the passage of time, e.g., modern, recent, long ago, older etc.
- Place a range of objects, people and events beyond own experiences in time order.
- Use dates and historical terms to describe historical periods, e.g. The Victorians, the Great Fire of London 1666.



Key Questions and Focus Lessons (Term 5: The Stone Age, Term 6: The Bronze Age)

How did humans survive in the Stone Age?

Learn to contrast and compare trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms.

What do Stone Age artefacts tell us about this period of time?

Learn to understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of resources.

This will include learning about what Stone Age art work tell us about this period in history.

Who were the first people in Britain? How do we know about people from the past?

Develop understanding of how to use the internet to gather research about Late Neolithic hunter-gatherers and early farmers, for example, in Skara Brae.

Chronology

Develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British and local history, establishing clear narratives within and across the periods studied.

Did Bronze Age people believe in God?

Learn to devise historically valid questions about change, similarity and difference and significance.

This will involve learning about Bronze Age religion, technology and travel, for example, Stonehenge.

What did Iron Age people do all day? What jobs did Bronze Age humans have?

Learn about iron Age hill forts: tribal kingdoms, farming, art and culture.

Stone Age to Iron Age

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We will be learning about many important locations where vital information about the past has been discovered. Do you know the names of these places?



Inspire Day!

We will launch our topic with a Stone Age craft day in Mike's Meadow.

Vocabulary	Definition
Stone Age	The Stone Age (a period of time when humans used stone to make tools) covers a huge period of time - over 3 million years.
Bronze Age	The prehistoric period that followed the Stone Age and preceded the Iron Age, when weapons and tools were made of bronze rather than stone.
Iron Age	A prehistoric period that followed the Bronze Age, when weapons and tools came to be made of iron.
Prehistoric	Before written records began.
Hunter-gatherer	Someone who hunts animals and gathers wild food to eat.
Skara Brae	A Stone Age village thought to have been built around 3000 B.C. that was discovered on Orkney, off the North coast of Scotland .
Stone Henge	The very famous, prehistoric monument in Wiltshire. It is believed it building it started around 5000 years ago.
Hill fort	A hillfort is a type of earthwork used as a fortified refuge or defended settlement, located to exploit a rise in elevation for defensive advantage.
B.C.	B.C." stands for " before Christ. "
A.D.	Anno Domini (the years after the birth of Jesus)