This Power Point is about **SUBJECTS** and **OBJECTS**
Look at this example:

The huge spider silently crept across its silvery web.

Most sentences have a **SUBJECT**, a **VERB** and an **OBJECT**.
You are learning about... **SUBJECTS** and **OBJECTS**

**SUBJECTS**

The huge *spider* silently crept across its silvery web.

The word highlighted in **green** is the **SUBJECT**. It is usually a **noun** or a **pronoun**.
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The **SUBJECT** of a sentence is usually the person or thing *acting* or *doing* in the sentence. It’s what or who the sentence is about.

Carefully, **Angela** picked up the vase.

Angela is the **SUBJECT** of the sentence. She is the noun doing something (*picking up*).
The huge spider silently crept across its silvery web.

The word highlighted in blue is the OBJECT. It is usually a noun or a pronoun.
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The **OBJECT** of a sentence is the person or thing *being done to*. The **object** receives the action.

Carefully, **Angela** picked up the **vase**.

The vase is the **OBJECT** of the sentence. It is the noun receiving the action (it’s being *picked up*).
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Jonah bravely crossed the **room**.

**Jonah** is the noun doing something (crossing the room). The **room** is the noun receiving the action (it's being crossed).
Kate felt too frightened to tell to them.

Kate is the noun doing something (feeling frightened and not telling).

Them is the pronoun receiving the action (it’s not being told).
Running wildly through the forest, the fox tried to escape the hunters.

The fox is the noun doing something (running, trying to escape). The forest and the hunters are the nouns receiving the action (being run through, being escaped from).
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Not all sentences have an **OBJECT**

The **dog** shivered.

The dog is the **SUBJECT** of the sentence. There is no **OBJECT**—nothing is *being shivered to*
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Look at the differences between these two sentences

Andrew broke the **window**.

Andrew is the **subject**: he is the noun doing something.

The **window** was broken.

Is this sentence, what **was** the **OBJECT** has become the **SUBJECT** and Andrew has disappeared!
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**ACTIVE & PASSIVE**

**Andrew** broke the **window**.

This type of sentence is called **ACTIVE**. The verb is active:

Andrew is *doing something*

**The window** was broken.

This type of sentence is called **PASSIVE**. The verb is passive:

The window is having *something done to it*
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**ACTIVE & PASSIVE**

John ate all the sweets.  

All the **sweets** were eaten.  

SUBJECT
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**ACTIVE & PASSIVE**

**Thieves stole computers and laptops.**  
**ACTIVE**

**Computers and laptops were stolen.**  
**PASSIVE**
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**ACTIVE & PASSIVE**

“I didn’t complete the homework, Sir.” **ACTIVE**

SUBJECT

“The homework was not completed, Sir.” **PASSIVE**

SUBJECT
SUMMARY

> Most sentences have a **subject**, **verb**, & **object**

> The **subject** of a sentence is usually the person or thing *acting* or *doing* in the sentence. It’s what or who the sentence is about

> The **object** of a sentence is the person or thing *being done to*; the object receives the action

> In **active** sentences, the **subject** is actively doing something

> In **passive** sentences, the **subject** is passively having something done to it

You are learning about... **subjects** and **objects**

Created by Tom Richmond